

Open Access and research impact at a teaching-intensive institution

The whys and the hows

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Today's session

2-hr session (1-3pm): 3 blocks of approx 30 mins talk plus 10 mins Q&A

- Short intro
- Block 1.— The current Open Access framework (plus a bit of history)
- Block 2.— Open Access implementation at a research-intensive institution: similarities and differences with CCCU
- Block 3.— Where is Open Access heading? Current trends and related areas

Short intro

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100% Open Access by 2020 or disrupting the present scholarly comms landscape : you can't have both? A mid-way update

de Castro, Pablo (2017) *100% Open Access by 2020 or disrupting the present scholarly comms landscape : you can't have both? A mid-way update*. In: *ReConEvent 2017*, 2017-06-30 - 2017-06-30, Edinburgh Centre for Carbon Innovation (ECCI).



Text (deCastro-ReCon2017-100-open-access-by-2020-or-disrupting-the-present-scholarly-comms-landscape)

deCastro_ReCon2017_100_open_access_by_2020_or_disrupting_the_present_scholarly_comms_landscape.pdf

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Pablo De Castro: Open Access Advocacy Librarian, University of Strathclyde

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RYTPO5AC1WU&feature=youtu.be>

University of Strathclyde



- Established 1796 as “the place for useful learning”
- 21,470 FTE Students and 3,200 staff
- Research: research grants and contracts income of £59,921m in 2016
- Among the 20 top research-intensive universities in the UK



University of Strathclyde – monthly HEFCE report



University of Strathclyde										
Compliant		2619	88%							
AAM & DOA Required		34	1%							
DOA Required		6	0%							
AAM Required		70	2%							
Exceptions		148	5%							
Ineligible/Non Compliant		98	3%							
Total Compliance		2767	93%							
Possible Non Compliance		110	4%							
Faculty	Department	Compliant	AAM & DOA Rqd	DOA Rqd	AAM Rqd	Exceptions	Total Compliance	Possible Non Compliance	Ineligible for REF	% Compliance
Faculty Of Engineering	Architecture	32	4	0	1	4	36	5	0	88%
	Biomedical Engineering	67	0	0	3	3	70	3	3	92%
	Chemical And Process Engineering	64	0	0	0	5	69	0	0	100%
	Civil And Environmental Engineering	121	1	0	6	5	126	7	5	91%
	Design, Manufacture And Engineering Management	135	1	0	2	14	149	3	6	94%
	Electronic And Electrical Engineering	285	2	1	12	13	298	15	11	92%
	Mechanical And Aerospace Engineering	178	0	0	2	5	183	2	7	95%
	Naval Architecture, Ocean And Marine Engineering	110	3	0	3	13	123	6	7	90%
Total		992	11	1	29	62	1054	41	39	96%

Figures as of Mar 1st, 2018

University of Strathclyde – APC funding

Funded APCs by Department (RCUK fund, Aug'2016 - Apr'2018)				
Department	Aug-Dec'16	Jan-Dec'17	Jan-Dec'18	Total
EEE	13	19	8	40
Physics	5	31	11	47
SIPBS	7	26	9	42
Pure Appl Chem	4	21	3	28
Civil Environm Eng	5	11	2	18
DMEM	1	15	3	19
Maths & Stats	2	10	5	17
Chemic Process Eng	3	6		9
Biomed Eng	2	7	2	11
Mechan Aerosp Eng	3	12	5	20
Inst Photon	0	7	1	8
Management Sci	2	2		4
Sch Governm Pub Pol	1	4	1	6
Comp Inform Sci	1	1		2
Sch Hum	1	2	2	5
Naval Arch	2	8	2	12
Econ	0	1		1
Sch Soc Work Soc Pol	0	3		3
Sch Law	0	4		4
Sch Psych Sci Health	0	0	1	1
	52	190	55	297

Figures as of Apr 6th, 2018

Block 1

The current Open Access framework
(plus a bit of history)

HEFCE Open Access policy: elements



Open access research

The policy states that, to be eligible for submission to the REF 2021, authors' final peer-reviewed manuscripts must have been deposited in an institutional or subject repository. Deposited material should be discoverable, and free to read and download, for anyone with an internet connection.

Note: From 1 April 2018 the REF 2021 Open Access policy will require outputs to be deposited as soon after the point of acceptance as possible, and no later than three months after this date.

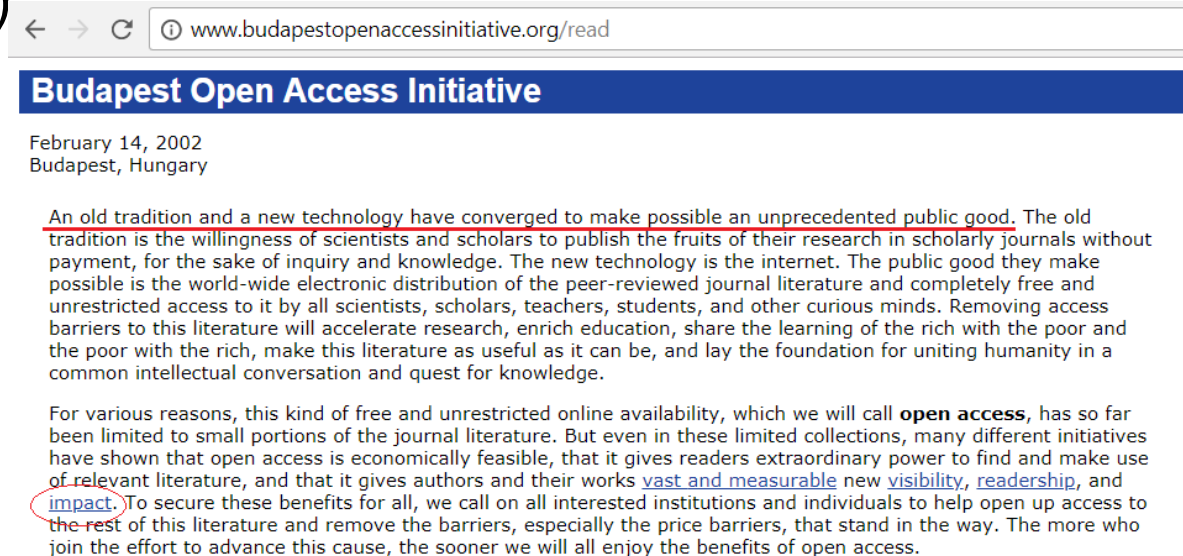
We will introduce a deposit exception in to the policy from 1 April 2018. This exception will allow outputs unable to meet this deposit timescale, to remain compliant if they are deposited up to three months after the date of publication.

Policy for open access in the next Research Excellence Framework: Updated November 2016

This document sets out the details of a requirement that certain research outputs should be made open-access to be eligible for submission to the next Research Excellence Framework (REF). This requirement will apply to journal articles and conference proceedings accepted for publication after 1 April 2016.

Open Access as a requirement for the REF? How did we get to this?

- The “journals crisis”
- 3 Bs: Budapest, Bethesda, Berlin Declarations
- Self-archiving as main suggested way forward
- Institutional policies (‘without teeth’)
- Funders’ policies



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying "www.budapestopenaccessinitiative.org/read". The page has a blue header with the text "Budapest Open Access Initiative". Below the header, the date "February 14, 2002" and location "Budapest, Hungary" are listed. The main text begins with a red underlined sentence: "An old tradition and a new technology have converged to make possible an unprecedented public good." The text continues to discuss the benefits of open access and the need to remove barriers. The word "impact" is circled in red in the final paragraph.

← → ↻ ⓘ www.budapestopenaccessinitiative.org/read

Budapest Open Access Initiative

February 14, 2002
Budapest, Hungary

An old tradition and a new technology have converged to make possible an unprecedented public good. The old tradition is the willingness of scientists and scholars to publish the fruits of their research in scholarly journals without payment, for the sake of inquiry and knowledge. The new technology is the internet. The public good they make possible is the world-wide electronic distribution of the peer-reviewed journal literature and completely free and unrestricted access to it by all scientists, scholars, teachers, students, and other curious minds. Removing access barriers to this literature will accelerate research, enrich education, share the learning of the rich with the poor and the poor with the rich, make this literature as useful as it can be, and lay the foundation for uniting humanity in a common intellectual conversation and quest for knowledge.

For various reasons, this kind of free and unrestricted online availability, which we will call **open access**, has so far been limited to small portions of the journal literature. But even in these limited collections, many different initiatives have shown that open access is economically feasible, that it gives readers extraordinary power to find and make use of relevant literature, and that it gives authors and their works vast and measurable new visibility, readership, and impact. To secure these benefits for all, we call on all interested institutions and individuals to help open up access to the rest of this literature and remove the barriers, especially the price barriers, that stand in the way. The more who join the effort to advance this cause, the sooner we will all enjoy the benefits of open access.

Why should open access publication be important to research funders?

- Just funding the research is a job only part done – a fundamental part of their mission is to ensure the widest possible dissemination and unrestricted access to that research.
- Research is a public good not depleted but added to through use
- It's all about improving access – improving research
- Web developments have created a new publishing model - not fully realised whilst access mediated through subscriptions and bundle deals.
 - 90% of NHS-funded research available online full text
 - 30% immediately available to publicOnly 40% immediately available to NHS staff

Submission to the House of Commons Science and Technology Committee's Inquiry into Scientific Publications
"How accessible is NHS-funded research to the general public and to the NHS's own researchers? Matthew Cockerill Ph.D., Technical Director, BioMed Central Ltd.
<http://www.biomedcentral.com/openaccess/inquiry/refersubmission.pdf>

OA in the REF

BEN JOHNSON

HEFCE

Verification and audit - principles

- a. The collection, retention and submission requirements should be minimal.
- b. The audit process should give assurance that the information and data submitted are accurate and reliable and that declarations made about compliance are accurate.
- c. The audit process should be light-touch, checking processes rather than data wherever possible.
- d. Where samples are taken for auditing the use of exceptions, these should be weighted towards units of assessment within an HEI's REF submission that show higher than average uptake of exceptions.
- e. Processes and data relating to outputs published by an individual while not employed by the submitting HEI will not be audited. This includes outputs published while at a different UK HEI.
- f. Information requirements should be unified with those of the research councils wherever possible.

An international endeavour



Open Access policy effectiveness: A briefing paper for research institutions

Author: Alma Swan
Reviewer: Eloy Rodrigues



September 2015

A model Open Access policy: criteria to include

Purpose: This policy aims to make the knowledge created in this institution available to all for the benefit of research itself and for society more widely

Policy conditions: The policy requires the following:

- All peer-reviewed publications must be deposited in the institutional repository *[name]* at acceptance for publication.
- The version to be deposited is the author's final document once the changes required by peer review have been made.
- The deposit must be made, regardless of whether a publisher embargo is to be observed or there are other legitimate reasons for not making the material openly available at a future date
- Articles must be made openly available immediately wherever possible, or once any embargoes have run their course
- All assessment and evaluation procedures in this institution will use the institutional repository to source publication lists for candidates: publications not deposited at acceptance for publication will not be eligible for consideration

An international endeavour



EUROPEAN COMMISSION
Directorate-General for Research & Innovation

H2020 Programme

Guidelines to the Rules on Open Access to Scientific Publications and Open Access to Research Data in Horizon 2020

2. WHY HAVE OPEN ACCESS TO PUBLICATIONS AND DATA IN HORIZON 2020?

Modern research builds on extensive scientific dialogue and advances by improving earlier work. The Europe 2020 strategy for a smart, sustainable and inclusive economy underlines the central role of knowledge and innovation in generating growth. Broader access to scientific publications and data therefore helps to:

- **build on previous research results** (improved quality of results)
- **encourage collaboration** and avoid duplication of effort (greater efficiency)
- **speed up innovation** (faster progress to market means faster growth)
- **involve citizens and society** (improved transparency of the scientific process).

This is why the EU wants to improve access to scientific information and to boost the benefits of public investment in research funded under Horizon 2020.

3. MANDATE ON OPEN ACCESS TO PUBLICATIONS

[Article 29.2](#) of the Model Grant Agreement sets out detailed legal requirements on open access to scientific publications: under Horizon 2020, **each beneficiary must ensure open access to all peer-reviewed scientific publications** relating to its results.

Funder policy (mis)alignment & the role of HEIs



Why (else) is Open Access important?



CC-BY Danny Kingsley & Sarah Brown

Open Access beyond policy compliance: research impact



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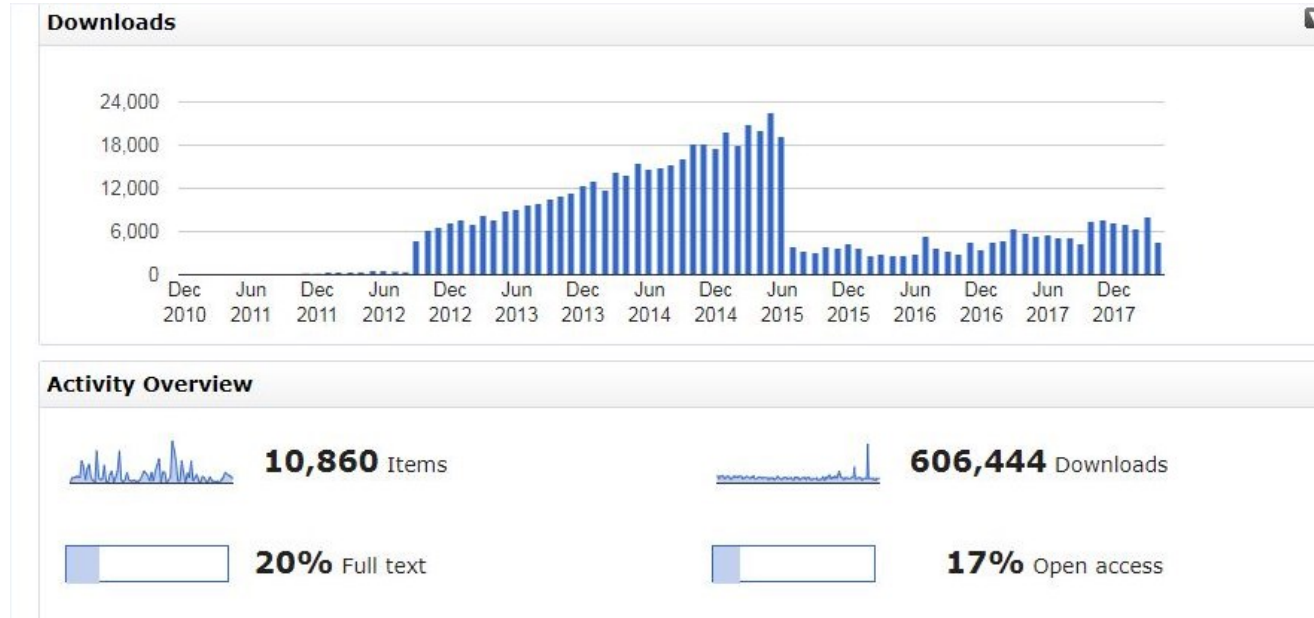
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Overall Summary

Headlines at a glance

Repositories	140
Items	1,159,986
Downloads up to Mar-2018	129,567,674
Downloads in Apr-2018, so far...	1,379,664
Total Downloads	130,947,338

2:36 PM - 11 Apr 2018



Repository	Data starts	Total no. of unique items downloaded	Downloads to Mar-2018	Average downloads per month	Downloads in Apr-2018, so far...	Total Downloads
Canterbury Research and Theses Environment - CReaTE	04/12/2013	2,600	172,622	3,320	3,451	176,073

Open Access beyond policy compliance: research impact

Repository	Data starts	Total no. of unique items downloaded	Downloads to Mar- 2018	Average downloads per month	Downloads in Apr-2018, so far...	Total Downloads
Canterbury Research and Theses Environment - CReaTE	04/12/2013	2,600	172,622	3,320	3,451	176,073

FALLS-RELATED PSYCHOLOGICAL CONCERNS IN THE COMMUNITY-DWELLING OLDER ADULT POPULATION.

Tools

Hughes, C. C. (2012) *Falls-related psychological concerns in the community-dwelling older adult population*. D.Clin.Psych. thesis, Canterbury Christ Church University.



PDF

christine_hughes_MRP_2012.pdf - Accepted Version

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Image (JPEG) (Declaration for Major Research Project)

MRP_dec_2012_Morgan.jpeg - Supplemental Material

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5. What play therapists do within the therapeutic relationship of humanistic/non-directive play therapy 4,593
6. Exploring psychological processes in reflective practice groups in acute inpatient wards 3,244
7. RCN: competence, education and careers in neonatal nursing 3,190
8. Illness representations, treatment beliefs and the relationship to self-care in heart failure 3,038
9. Choral music in Canterbury Cathedral, 1873-1988: the role of service settings and anthems in the regeneration, preservation and sustenance of cathedral worship 2,985
10. Falls-related psychological concerns in the community-dwelling older adult population. 2,807

10 25 50 all

Open Access beyond policy compliance: research impact

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Hybridity and Social Media Adoption by Journalists
Article in **Digital Journalism**



Tabloid Newspapers in Post-Communist Hungary
Article in **Javnost-The Public**



THE INFLUENCE OF PROFESSIONAL VARIABLES ON JOURNALISTS' USES AND VIEWS OF...
Article in **Digital Journalism**, June 2013



Demons into Angels? Corporate Social Responsibility and Media Organisations
Article in **Critical Survey**, November 2011



Public service media in the digital age
Book, January 2013

Altmetric Details Page

Hybridity and Social Media Adoption by Journalists



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Readers on

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SUMMARY

Blogs

Twitter

Facebook

Title Hybridity and Social Media Adoption by Journalists
Published in Digital Journalism
DOI 10.1080/21670811.2016.1232170 [↗](#)
Authors Agnes Gulyas

Why (else) is Open Access important?

[The Scientist](#) » [News & Opinion](#) » [Daily News](#)

French Universities Cancel Subscriptions to Springer Journals

Negotiations between the publisher and a national consortium of academic institutions have reached a stalemate.

By Diana Kwon | March 31, 2018

[The Scientist](#) » [News & Opinion](#) » [News Analysis](#)

Major German Universities Cancel Elsevier Contracts

These institutions join around 60 others that hope to put increasing pressure on the publishing giant in ongoing negotiations for a new nationwide licensing agreement.

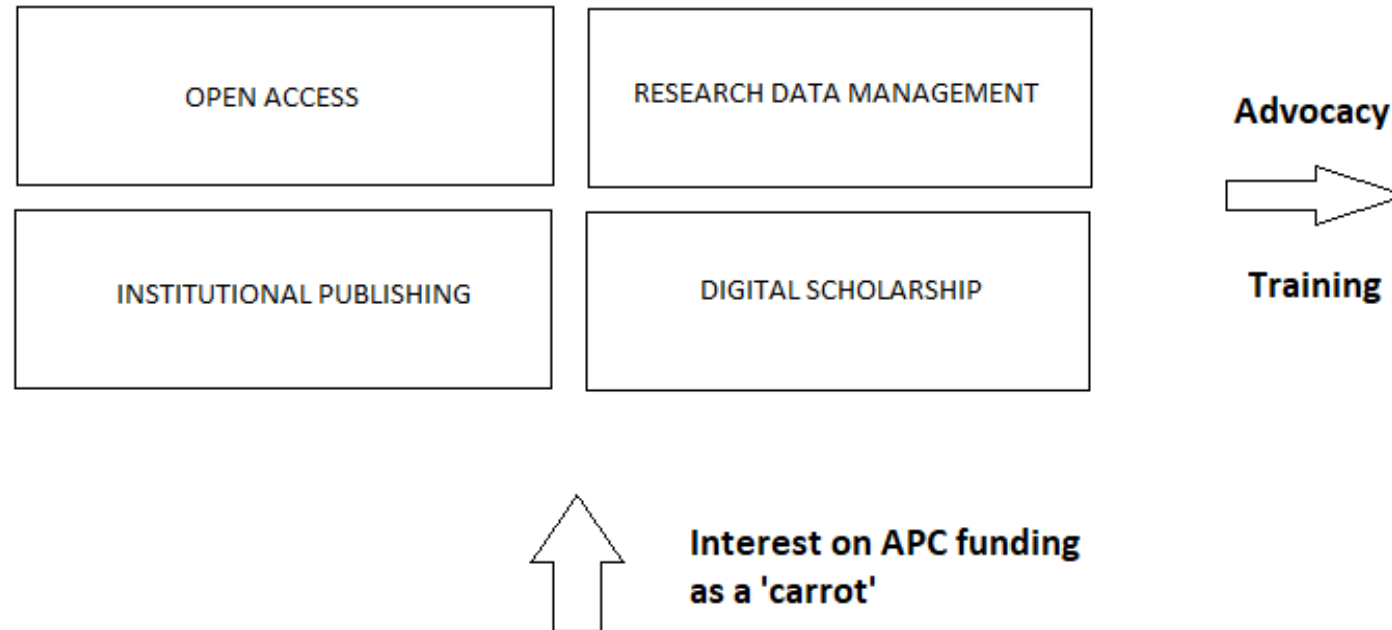
By Diana Kwon | July 17, 2017

Block 2

Open Access implementation at a
research-intensive institution:
similarities and differences with CCCU

Scholarly comms work at Strathclyde

OA one area in a network of fully interconnected
research support activities

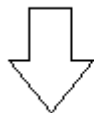


OA implementation at Strathclyde: a funder-driven task

Research funder	OA flavour	Brief policy description
Higher Education Funding Council for England (HEFCE)	Green	In operation since 01/04/2016 (implemented since 2014 at Strathclyde). Mandatory deposit of full-text accepted author manuscript no longer than three months since manuscript acceptance. Linked to the UK Research Excellence Framework (REF2021)
Research Councils UK (UK Research and Innovation since 01/04/2018)	Green & Gold	Mandatory OA availability of funded outputs either via the Green or the Gold OA routes. Block grants delivered to research-intensive HEIs to fund Open Access fees for eligible publications (those that acknowledge RCUK-funded projects)
Charity Open Access Fund (COAF): coalition of UK charities led by the Wellcome Trust	Green & Gold	Mandatory OA availability of funded outputs either via the Green or the Gold OA routes. Block grants delivered to research-intensive HEIs to fund Open Access fees for eligible publications (those that acknowledge RCUK-funded projects). Green OA publications need to be deposited in EuropePMC
European Commission – FP7 programme	Green & Gold	Mandatory deposit of full-text accepted author manuscript for projects under Clause 39. Gold Open Access funding available for finished FP7 projects under the OpenAIRE FP7 Post-Grant OA Pilot
European Commission – H2020 programme	Green & Gold	Mandatory deposit of full-text accepted author manuscript for all H2020 projects (plus associated datasets). Gold Open Access funding may be claimed from project grant

Table 1.— Main Open Access policies by research funders at the University of Strathclyde

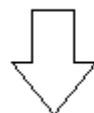
OA implementation at Strathclyde: a funder-driven task



Deposit AAM
(HEFCE - Green OA)

7. Acknowledgements









The authors would like to thank EPSRC, Centre for Innovative Manufacturing in Continuous Manufacturing and Crystallisation (Grant Ref EP/I033459/1) and Computationally Designed Templates for Exquisite Control of Polymorphic Form (Grant Ref EP/K039229/1) for funding this work.



APC funding
(multiple funders)

Green OA vs Gold OA or Green OA & Gold OA?

Showing all research outputs from the full Altmetric database sorted by Altmetric Attention Score with keywords containing sosu, edward

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 Economic Deprivation and its Effects on Childhood Conduct Problems: The... Article in Frontiers in Psychology , January 2017	 "Are all beliefs equal?" investigating the nature and determinants of... Article in Educational Studies
 Predicting maternal aspirations for their children's education: The role of... Article in International Journal of Educational Research , January 2014	 'You have to be a bit brave': barriers to Scottish student-teachers'... Article in Journal of Education for Teaching , January 2016
 The Development and Psychometric Validation of a Critical Thinking... Article in Thinking Skills & Creativity , November 2012	 The Complexities of Teachers' Commitment to Environmental Education: A Mixed... Article in Journal of Mixed Methods Research , April 2008
 Does initial teacher education make a difference? The impact of teacher... Article in Journal of Education for Teaching , November 2010	 Investigating change in epistemic beliefs: An evaluation of the impact of... Article in International Journal of Educational Research , January 2012

Open Science implementation at Strathclyde

The role of Current Research Information Systems (CRIS) in supporting Open Science implementation: the case of Strathclyde

Pablo de Castro, Open Access Advocacy Librarian, University of Strathclyde

Abstract

CRIS systems are playing an increasingly relevant role in the implementation of Open Access and Research Data Management policies at research-performing organisations. This is not just because of the deep insight these systems provide into the workflows that underpin the institutional research activity, but also because they allow an effective teamworking across institutional research support units, which critically include research libraries.

This article describes the way the institutional Pure CRIS is used at the University of Strathclyde in Glasgow to support the implementation of Open Science in collaboration with the researchers themselves and with the institutional Research Office. In terms of training, which is in itself an important and often challenging part of the effort towards Open Science implementation, the key objective is to make researchers aware that all the seemingly independent processes they're being asked to carry out on top of their research activity are interconnected and are part of the same drive towards openness and digital science.

Finally, the paper describes the international collaboration networks for the realisation of Open Science that the University of Strathclyde is involved in and some of the areas where this cross-institutional collaboration is taking place.

Keywords


Open Science; Research Information Management; Open Access; Research Data Management; Scholarly Communications; Current Research Information Systems (CRIS); Institutional case studies

Open Science implementation at Strathclyde: Institutional systems



Open Access implementation at Strathclyde: Institutional systems

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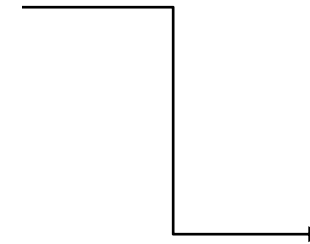
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Empowering students by enhancing their employability skills

Scott, Fraser J. and Connell, Pauline and Thomson, Linda A. and Willison, Debra (2017) *Empowering students by enhancing their employability skills*. *Journal of Further and Higher Education*. ISSN 0309-877X

 Text (Scott-etal-JFHE-2017-Empowering-students-by-enhancing-their-employability)
Scott_etal_JFHE_2017_Empowering_students_by_enhancing_their_employability.pdf
Accepted Author Manuscript
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'Internal' scholarly publishing



Open Access @ Strathclyde

ARCHIVES

MARCH 7TH, 2018

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@STRATHCLYDEOA

Best practices in 'internal' scholarly publishing by Strathclyde researchers

Pablo de Castro, Open Access Advocacy Librarian

A number of research outputs by Strathclyde researchers ranging from the very valuable to the extraordinary are typically being released without meeting the basic standards of open publishing. This is mainly because these are unusual types of publications – i.e. not the standard journal articles, conference proceedings, books or book chapters, but rather reports or policy papers, which automatically fall under the category of 'grey literature'. Scholarly publishers face a great deal of often justified criticism from Open Science advocates, but this specific area is one where they definitely prove to be reliable collaborators for academics. Very few publishers these days will not make emphasis on aspects like using the appropriate open licence, minting the appropriate persistent identifiers (DOIs or ISBNs) or ensuring that the impact of their publications on social media is adequately tracked. As opposite to this, and even in cases where they are made openly available, 'internally' published reports or books are to a certain extent condemned to 'digital obscurity' if they fail to keep these aspects in mind upon their online release.

Post-processing for event-based non-intrusive load monitoring
<https://t.co/MciNEdgP8z>
#NILM #engineering #electrical #openaccess

Researchers at @CELCIS tweets involved in effecting change in #childcare. Read more in the tweet below....
<https://t.co/TX9phoBl6x>

RT @Protohedgehog: If you like getting outraged, read this story of what happens when Big Publishing and Big Pharma get together. This is n...

RT @g3om4c: Less wriggle room in #GDPR for third party trackers / cookies. What are repo managers & #scicomm folk doing about user consent,...

RT @MikeTaylor: This is the first instance I've seen of an open access journal going

Posts from the ROADS Team at the University of Strathclyde (Repositories, Open Access and Datasets - ROADS) about all things open!
Views expressed are those of the authors and not necessarily the University of Strathclyde.
openaccess@strath.ac.uk

AUTHORS

 **alanmoworld**
Untitled

 **deprior**
Untitled

 **erince**
Untitled

 **g3om4c**
Open assimilation...

 **mcleodmc**
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Procraftinating Library Lady

Block 3

Where is Open Access heading?
Current trends and related areas

Results for Open Access policies so far?

UK Research and Innovation

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Open Access Policy

[> Practitioners Group](#)[> Open access block grants](#)[REF 2021 Open Access Policy](#)[Home](#) > [Funding](#) > [Information for award holders](#) > [Open access](#) > [Open Access Policy](#)

Open Access Policy

You can view the RCUK [Policy on Open Access \(PDF, 299KB\)](#), along with [FAQs \(PDF, 662KB\)](#) to help clarify the policy.

In order to help implement the policy, the research councils introduced (from April 2013) a new funding mechanism - a block grant to universities and eligible research organisations to cover the cost of article processing charges (APCs). [Further information on the block grants](#), including reporting requirements and lists of [previous awards](#), is available.

The analysis of a 2017 survey on institutions' progress with open access policies, commissioned by the former HEFCE, Jisc, the Wellcome Trust and the research councils, will be published in Spring 2018.

Results for Open Access policies so far?

The Reckoning: An Analysis of Wellcome Trust Open Access Spend 2013-14

3 MAR, 2015

by Wellcome Trust

tags: Data , Journals , Open Access , Open data , policy , Publishing , Robert Kiley



To help make the costs around open access more transparent, the Wellcome Trust has **published details** on how much it spent on article processing charges in the year 2013-14. The data also shows to what extent the services the Trust has paid for – i.e. that the final, publisher-formatted versions of articles are freely available in Europe PubMed Central with a CC-BY licence – have been delivered. **Robert Kiley**, Head of Digital Services at the Wellcome Library, provides an analysis of what the latest data reveals...

- RCUK & COAF/Wellcome Open Access policy to support APC payments under the microscope
- Analysis of RCUK policy results for 5 year period (2013-2018) due this year
- What are the criteria for impact? Citation advantage, altmetrics – this is not enough
- New collaborations (also with Industry), access at SMEs, schools, medical practices? Increased effectiveness at institutional research support activity? Science closer to the lay person? → How to measure this

Offsetting agreements



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Blog

Offsetting agreements for open access publishing



by [Liam Earney](#) on 13 April 2015

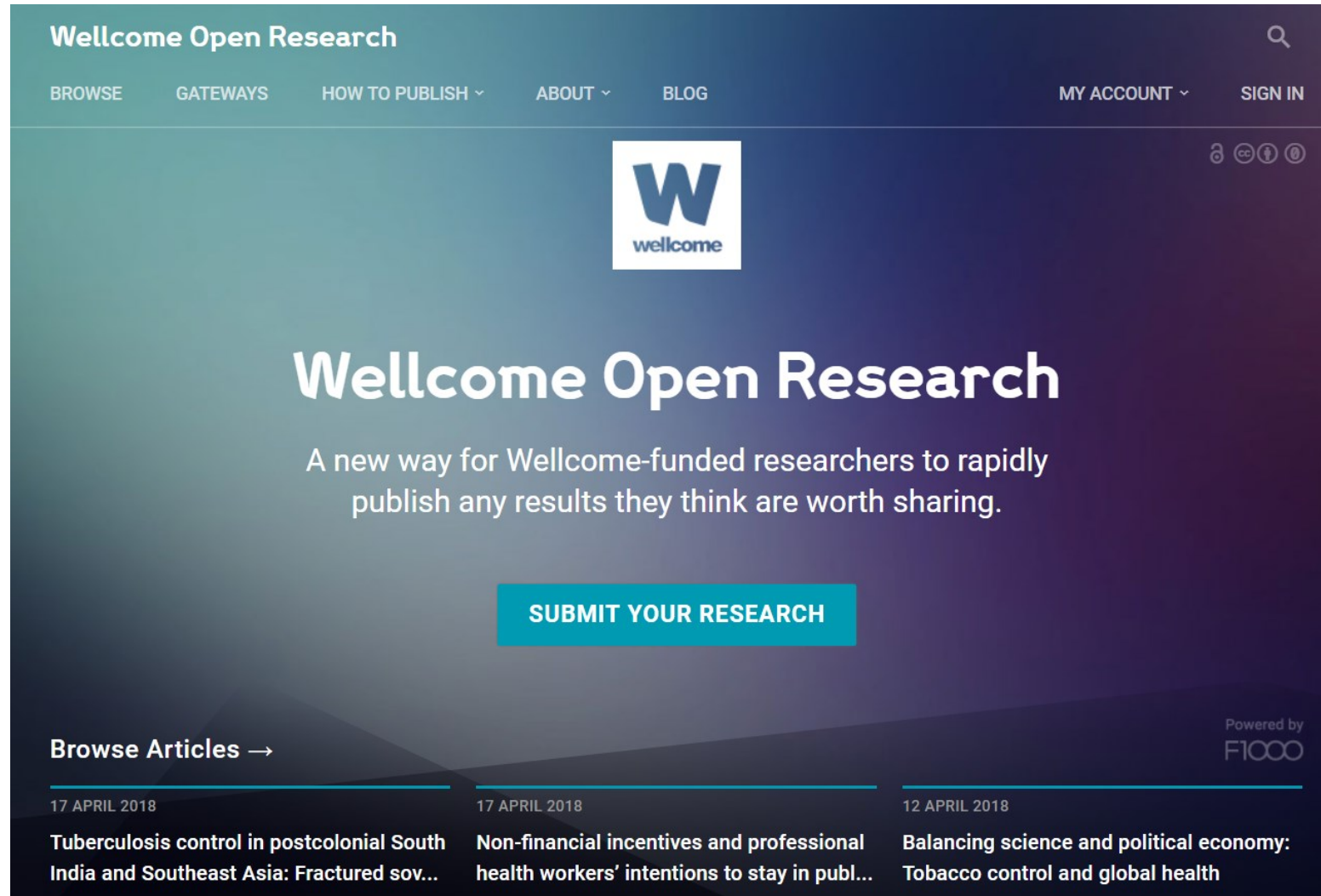
Last year my colleague [Lorraine Estelle](#) blogged about how we've unpicked the full cost of publishing in open access (OA). She reported a sharp increase in article processing charges (APCs) from UK universities' central funds, particularly over the previous two years.

Most read

Related

[A year to get your act together: how universities and colleges should be preparing for new data regulations](#)

New, subtler ways forward*



* But just for Wellcome-funded authors (thus far)

<https://wellcomeopenresearch.org/>

New, subtler ways forward

Wellcome Open Research »

FAQs

+ All

General Questions

+ Is the Wellcome Open Research platform fully controlled by Wellcome and independent of any specific provider?

+ Why is this platform only open to Wellcome grantees to publish?

+ What are the advantages of publishing in Wellcome Open Research?

+ How does Wellcome Open Research benefit early career researchers?

+ Will publishing on Wellcome Open Research, or providing peer review on this platform, increase a Wellcome researcher's chance of receiving future Wellcome funding?

- Does Wellcome Open Research have an Impact Factor?

Wellcome Open Research will not have an Impact Factor. An increasing number of funders and institutions strongly support a move away from the flawed metrics of the Journal Impact Factor and related measures. The Wellcome Open Research model provides the start of an evolution in scientific publishing that moves away from the use of such measures.

The expectation is that this, and other similar funder platforms that are expected to emerge, will ultimately combine into one central platform that ensures that assessment can only be done at the article-level.

+ How will publications on this platform be judged by funders and institutions?

+ What will it cost to publish on this platform?

New, subtler ways forward

HRB Open Research

HRB Open Research » Blog » A new dawn: HRB Open Research publishes first articles

A new dawn: HRB Open Research publishes first articles

28 February, 2018

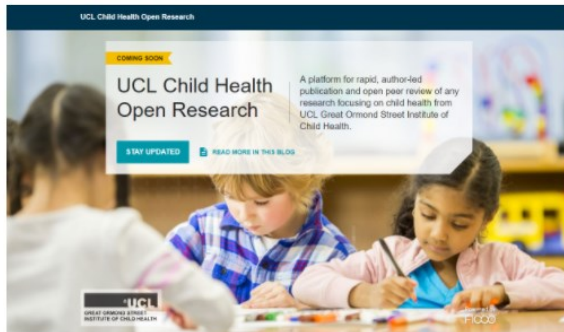
Patricia Clarke

0 Comments

Today marks a new dawn for health-related research in Ireland as HRB Open Research publishes its' first articles. As the lead funder of health research in Ireland, we are proud to join two of the largest health-related funders in the world – [Wellcome](#) and [the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation](#) on this journey of open research. Our Interim Chief Executive, Mairead O'Driscoll, set out [our vision](#) for HRB Open Research late last year. With today's launch, we are starting to see that vision being put into action.

We called on our researchers who believe in openness and transparency to stand up for research quality and use the system we have built. There is no conflict between being open and being successful. We are delighted with the initial response.

UCL Child Health Open Research



The UCL Great Ormond Street Institute of Child Health is launching a platform for rapid, author-led publication and open peer review of [any research focusing on child health](#).

- Ireland's Health Research Board (HRB)
- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
- European Commission
- UCL Institute for Child Health...

Data Document Library Questions & answers

Information

Tender reference number	2017/RTD/A6/PP-06481/2017
Title	Open Research Europe – The European Commission Open Research Publishing Platform
Description	The present call for tender concerns the setting up of a publishing platform for scientific articles as a service for Horizon 2020 beneficiaries. The Platform will provide an open access publishing venue without cost to the beneficiaries of Horizon 2020. The platform will manage the entire publication process, from submission to publication, post-publication curation and preservation, of original articles stemming from Horizon 2020 funding and will implement an open peer-review system. It will also host pre-prints. Published articles and hosted pre-prints will be openly available to all researchers and citizens. Tenderers are called to customize an existing publishing infrastructure solution to the requirements of the European Commission, to develop processes and policies to run the platform as a service, to engage in communication activities for the Platform and to run the service and publish articles in the Platform. The tender is for a Framework Contract with a duration of 4 years.
Contract type	Services
Procedure type	Open procedure
Status	Open
Published on TED	✓

Milestones

TED publication date	31/03/2018
Question deadline	N/A
Answer deadline	N/A
Time limit for receipt of tenders	18/05/2018

New, subtler ways forward



ABOUT THE UK-SCL

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RESEARCHERS RETAIN RE-USE RIGHTS IN THEIR OWN WORK

The UK-SCL is an open access policy mechanism which ensures researchers can retain re-use rights in their own work, they retain copyright and they retain the freedom to publish in the journal of their choice (assigning copyright to the publisher if necessary)

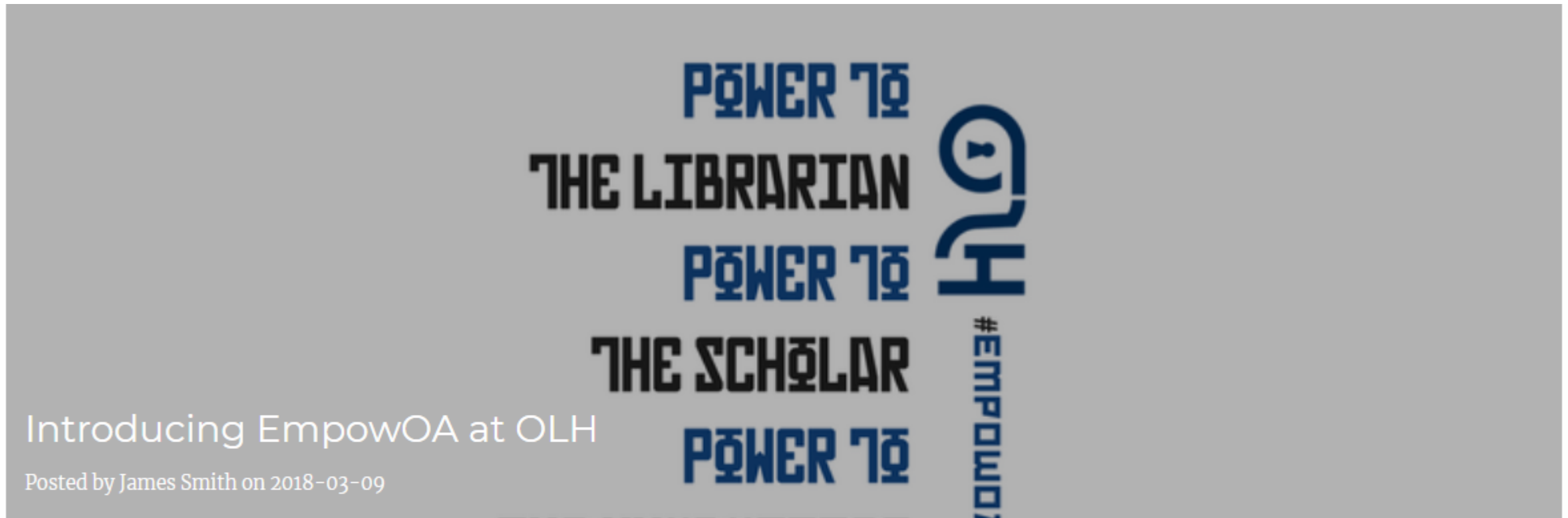
Re-use rights retention enables early public communication of research findings and use in research and teaching, including online courses.

Increased visibility of research outputs greatly improves opportunities for increased impact and citations.

A single deposit action under the model policy ensures eligibility for REF2021 and compliance with most funder deposit criteria.


Researchers retain copyright and remain free to assign it to the publisher

New, subtler ways forward



Humanities publishing can be a harsh and unforgiving place for open access.

We understand. In 2018, the [Open Library of Humanities](https://www.openlibhums.org/) will pool its knowledge and resources to empower its membership, its authors and the wider humanities open access community. Now is the time to form the bonds that will give strength and conviction to all those supporting the APC-free gold open access of the future.

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Open Access monographs and the REF

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23 February 2018


Open access monographs in the REF

Open access monographs will be included in the REF 2027 – but how, is very much up for discussion. Steven Hill explains.



<http://blog.hefce.ac.uk/2018/02/23/open-access-monographs-ref-2027/>

Beware...

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Fear, uncertainty and doubt

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Fear, uncertainty and doubt (often shortened to **FUD**) is a [disinformation](#) strategy used in [sales](#), [marketing](#), [public relations](#), [talk radio](#), politics, cults, and [propaganda](#). FUD is generally a strategy to influence perception by disseminating negative and dubious or false information and a manifestation of the [appeal to fear](#).

Open Access monographs and the REF

MARTIN PAUL EVE

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ANNOTATE/COMMENT



Martin Paul Eve

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Technology and Publishing
at Birkbeck, University of
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🏛️ MLA CORE

📄 Institutional Repo

🔍 Hypothes.is

On the OA "mandate" for books in the Third REF and the worry over trade books

In the past few days, well over a year since HEFCE signalled its "inten[tion] to move towards an open-access requirement for monographs in the exercise that follows the next REF (expected in the mid-2020s)", humanities academics have been getting themselves stirred up on the basis of a document issued by the Royal Historical Society. It is curious that it is only now that people are paying any attention to this. The original document (see Annex C of the consultation on the Second REF) was issued in December 2016 "to give due notice to the sector", yet many have been caught off guard.

Apt timing or not, though, there are many reasons why academics should not be so alarmed:

1) HEFCE (now RE) consulted heavily during the implementation of the mandate for journal articles and changed the policy many times in response to this approach. They will do so again for any future monograph mandate. The challenges of OA monographs and their economics on a global scale are well understood and noted (not least by me in a recent article on the difficult costs of such a proposal).

On this note, Steven Hill of HEFCE (now RE) said: "there is lots of work to do, and there are many conversations to be had" and that "engagement and collaboration with a range of stakeholders will be crucial to support these activities". Consultation is the watchword here, but from the RHS document, you'd think it was all a done deal with the details set in stone.

Open Access monographs: University Presses



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Feminism and the Politics of Childhood: Friends or Foes?

An innovative and critical exploration of perceived commonalities and conflicts between women and children and, more broadly, between various forms of feminism and the politics of childhood



Regulating Content on Social Media

How are users influenced by social media platforms when they generate content, and does this influence affect users' compliance with copyright laws?

[More details](#)



The East India Company at Home, 1757-1857

The East India Company at Home, 1757-1857 explores how empire in Asia shaped British country houses, their interiors and the lives of their residents.

[More details](#)

Two thoughts and one recommendation

Open Access and Open Science go far beyond funder mandates like the REF

Whatever it may look like, this *is not* about telling authors *where* to publish, but rather trying to ensure that their legitimate free choice is as well informed as possible

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LOCH Pathfinder project: St Andrews Library Open Access Fund: business case and criteria

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[LibraryOpenAccessFund-case-study-LOCH-Mar2016.pdf \(85.58Kb\)](#)

Date

28/03/2016

Author

[Proven, Jackie](#)

Keywords

[LOCH](#)
[Open Access](#)
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Abstract

This short report describes the case for a small institutional fund to support open access publishing at the University of St Andrews. The background to the fund is an institutional commitment to ensuring the widest possible access to its research, and a belief that researchers should be free to choose the most suitable venue for their work. If an author decides that a fully open access journal is the best venue for their work, we do not want there to be any barriers to publishing. The University Library therefore proposed a model where researchers could apply for funds specifically when they wish to publish in a journal which is only available in open access form and which requires payment of a publishing fee. The report describes how the fund operates, and its ultimate aim to encourage and support a transition to open access that is sustainable and achievable.

Citation

Proven, J. 2016. LOCH Pathfinder project: St Andrews Library Open Access Fund: business case and criteria. University of St Andrews Library

Type

Report

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Thanks!

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